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**FR-A- 2 161 453
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US-A- 4 236 652
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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to the structure of a small package for storing therein a liquid, paste-like, powdery or granular content such as seasonings and drinks, cosmetics, chemicals, and so forth. More particularly, the present invention relates to a package which stores at least one kind of content in its independent pockets and can dispense the contents simultaneously and easily by pinching and rupturing the package by fingers of one hand without mixing the contents (such as vinegar and oil, coffee and cream, powdery detergents and powdery bleacher, and the like).

Description of the Conventional Art Various small packages whose content can be taken out easily by a finger-pinching operation have been proposed in the past as typified by the packages of JP-A 59 103 866 and JP-A 61 104 937 and, similarly, US-A 4 493 574 in view of which the first part of claim 1 has been drafted.

These packages have the structure in which the peripheral portion of a flexible container member is fixed to the reverse of a relatively stiff, flat and sheet-like lid to define a pocket, a content is sealed in the pocket, a bending line such as a perforation is formed on the axis at the center of the lid surface so as to make the lid easily bendable and a projection having a pyramidal shape or a shape of a circular truncated cone is formed at the center of the axis in order to easily dispense the content. In this structure, the content can be dispensed with directivity from a narrow zone such as the projection formed on the lid by pinching the package between fingers and bending the lid in a V-shape in such a manner as to compress the pocket with the axis of the lid being the center.

However, in the conventional packages such as described above, the lower part of the pyramidal or circular truncated conical projection disposed at the center of the lid is used as a communication portion communicating with pockets on both sides. Accordingly, the contents can freely move between these pockets, and the package cannot be used when the contents must not mix with each other. Mixing of the contents before use deteriorates the appearance or reduces the quality of a product when, for example, two kinds of medicines (e.g. powdered medicine and liquid medicine for a patient or peanut butter and strawberry jam to be spread on bread are sealed independently in the pockets.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to provide the structure of a small package which can eliminate the problem of the conventional art described above, does not mix the different kinds of contents stored independently in the respective pockets before use

and can dispense simultaneously these contents from separate discharge ports by a one-touch operation.

The package in accordance with the present invention is characterized in claim 1 to meet the above object.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 shows one embodiment of the package in accordance with the present invention, wherein Fig. 1(a) is a perspective view, Fig. 1(b) is a sectional view taken along line X-X and Fig. 1(c) is a perspective view showing the state of its use.

Fig. 2 shows another embodiment of the present invention, wherein Fig. 2(a) is a perspective view, Fig. 2(b) is a sectional view taken along line Y-Y, Fig. 2(c) is a sectional view taken along line Y'-Y' and Fig. 2(d) is a perspective view showing the state of its use.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Hereinafter, the present invention will be described with reference to its embodiments shown in the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 shows one example (P) of the package in accordance with the present invention. Fig. 1(a) shows its appearance, Fig. 1(b) shows its internal structure and Fig. 1(c), the state of its use.

In the drawing, reference numeral 1 represents a flat sheet-like lid which is made of a bendable but stiff material such as a synthetic resin (e.g. polyethylene or polystyrene copolymer) but does not have any projection or the like. A bending line 4 consisting of a perforation is formed along the axis at the center of the lid surface. Reference numeral 5 represents a container member whose peripheral portion is fixed to the reverse of the lid 1 and which consists of a flexible sheet member such as polyethylene or aluminum. The bottom of the container member 5 is recessed greatly in such a manner as to define two pockets 6, 6 having a substantially equal capacity with the bending line 4 of the lid 1 being the center, as shown in Fig. 1(b). The container member 5 has communication portions 7, 7 which, formed when the pockets 6, 6 are formed, communicate separately with those portions which are spaced apart from each other on the reverse of the bending line 4 (hereinafter the portions on the bending line 4 communicating with the communication portions 7, 7 are referred to as "rupture zone 3). In other words, the lid 1 and the pockets 6, 6 are fixed along the bending line 4 so that rear sides of the rupture zones 3, 3 are fixed alternately on both sides of the bending line 4 as the axis of symmetry and the peripheral portions of the rupture zones 3, 3 are fixed except for the rupture zones 3, 3 which are left unfixed, thereby forming a fixed zone 2. Paste-like different contents A and B are sealed into the pockets 6, 6 of the package (P) having the structure described above by a suitable sealing method, respectively.

Before the package (P) having the structure de-

scribed above is used, the contents A and B stored in the pockets 6, 6 are sealed completely by the lid 1, the fixed peripheral zone of the container member 5 and its fixed portion along the bending line 4 and cannot therefore move freely between the pockets. When both ends of the lid 1 are pinched by fingers with the bending line 4 being the center and the lid 1 is bent in a V-shape in such a manner as to attract the pockets 6, 6 to each other, the pockets 6, 6 come into contact with each other and are compressed so that a large load is applied to the contents A, B and this internal pressure is as such applied straight to the rupture zones 3, 3 on the bending line 4 consisting of a perforation or the like. Then, the rupture zones 3, 3 are broken and the contents A, B are simultaneously flown from the right and left pockets 6, 6 through the respective communication portions 7, 7 and the respective rupture zones 3, 3 to the outside. In this instance, since the portions near both sides of the bending line other than the rupture zones 3, 3 are fixed in the same way as the fixed zone 2 between the reverse of the lid 1 and the peripheral portion of the container member 5, they are not ruptured even when the internal pressure described above is applied thereto, and the internal pressure acts concentratedly upon the unfixed rupture zones 3, 3. Incidentally, the rupture will more easily occur if, in order to facilitate opening, a notch or tongue is formed in advance in the rupture zones 3, 3 on the surface of the lid 1 in addition to the perforation. Therefore, the contents A, B can be dispensed easily with directivity from the extremely narrow zone on the lid surface, that is, the rupture zones, 3, 3, by the one-hand operation.

Fig.2 shows another embodiment (Q) of the package in accordance with the present invention. Fig.2(a) shows the appearance of the package. Figs.2(b) and 2(c) do its internal structure and Fig.2(d) shows the state of its use. In the drawing, reference numeral 1 represents a lid made of a bendable but stiff material (the definite example of which is the same as that of the package P of the foregoing embodiment; hereinafter the same), and a fixed zone 2' with the open peripheral portion of a container member 5 made of a flexible material (the definite example of the material of which is the same as that of the package P of the foregoing embodiment) is disposed on the reverse of this lid 1. The bottom of the container member 5 is recessed greatly in such a manner as to define two pockets 6, 6 having a substantially equal capacity with a bending line 4 of the lid 1 being the center, as shown in Figs.2(b) and 2(c). Two pyramidal projections 1a, 1a are formed on the bending line of the lid 1 by recessing its reverse. The projections 1a, 1a cross the bending line 4 at two positions on the center axis of the lid 1 (not shown), and have tips 3', 3' which are easily ruptured or opened when the lid 1 is bent along the bending line 4. Fixing of the pockets 6, 6 inside the zones along the bending line 4 is the same as in the foregoing embodiment. Therefore, the pockets 6, 6 have their respective communication portions 7, 7 communicating with the lower portions of the respective projections 1a, 1a. Paste-like dif-

ferent contents A and B are sealed into the pockets 6, 6 of the structure having the structure described above by a suitable sealing method.

Before the package (Q) having the structure described above is used, the contents A, B stored in the pockets 6, 6 are sealed completely by the peripheral fixed zone 2', between the lid 1 and the container member 5 by the fixed portion of the container member 5 along the bending line 4 and cannot therefore move freely between the pockets. To dispense these contents A, B, the lid 1 is first pinched between fingers in such a manner that the tips 3', 3' of the projections 1a, 1a of the lid 1 face downward. Then, when the lid 1 is bent along the bending line 4 in such a manner as to clamp the right and left pockets 6, 6, both pockets 6, 6 come into contact with each other and are compressed. Thus, a high load is exerted on the contents A, B and the internal pressure is applied as it is through the communication portions 7, 7 to the tip portions 3', 3' of the respective projections 1a, 1a on the bending line 4. As a result, rupture occurs on the lid 1 from the tip portions 3', 3' so that the contents A, B are dispensed from the rupture portions, respectively. Therefore, with the package (Q), in the same way as the package (P), the contents A, B can be easily taken out with directivity from the extremely narrow zone of the lid surface, that is, the tips 3', 3' by one-hand operation.

As described in detail, the package in accordance with the present invention does not permit free movement of the contents stored in the respective pockets between them. Therefore, the present invention can prevent the mixture of the contents or non-uniform existence of the contents in either one of the pockets during storage and transportation of the package before its use. Therefore, the appearance of the package can be improved and different kinds of contents which, although to be used simultaneously, will cause degradation of quality upon mixture, can be sealed separately into the same package. Since the contents can be dispensed extremely easily by one-touch operation, the package of the present invention can be used in various fields for dispensing drinks, cosmetics, chemicals, and so forth.

Claims

1. A package comprising: a lid (1) made of a stiff material and having a bending line (4) across the center of the surface thereof, and a container member (5) made of a flexible material, fixed to the reverse of said lid (1) around its peripheral portion and forming pockets (6) on both sides of said bending line (4), characterised in that the pockets (6) are in isolation and sealed from each other along said bending line (4), each of said pockets (6) having a communication portion (7) communicating with one of different portions on said bending line (4) of said lid (1) but not communicating with another portion.

2. A package as claimed in claim 1, wherein portions on said bending line (4) of said lid (1) communicating with said communication portions (7) of said

container member (5) are structured so as to be opened by bending said lid (1).

3. A package as claimed in claim 1, wherein portions of said lid (1) communicating with said communication portions (7) of said container member (5) are formed as pyramidal or circular truncated conical projections (1a).

Patentansprüche

1. Packung, umfassend einen aus steifem Material bestehenden Deckel (1) mit einer über die Mitte seiner Fläche verlaufenden Biegelinie (4), und ein aus flexiblem Material bestehendes Behälterelement (5), das längs seinem Randabschnitt an der Rückseite des Deckels (1) befestigt ist und zu beiden Seiten der Biegelinie (4) Taschen (6) bildet, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Taschen (6) längs der Biegelinie (4) gegeneinander isoliert und abgedichtet sind, wobei jede Tasche (6) einen Verbindungsteil aufweist, der mit jeweils einem unterschiedlichen Teil der Biegelinie (4) des Deckels (1), jedoch nicht mit einem anderen Teil in Verbindung steht.

2. Packung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die mit den Verbindungsteilen (7) des Behälterelements (5) in Verbindung stehenden Teile der Biegelinie (4) des Deckels (1) so strukturiert sind, daß sie sich beim Biegen des Deckels (1) öffnen.

3. Packung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die mit den Verbindungsteilen (7) des Behälterelements (5) in Verbindung stehenden Teile des Deckels (1) als pyramidenartige oder kreiskegelstumpfförmige Vorsprünge (1a) ausgebildet sind.

Revendications

1. Emballage comprenant: un couvercle (1) réalisé en un matériau rigide et comprenant une ligne de pliage (4) passant par le centre de sa surface, et un organe formant récipient (5) réalisé en un matériau flexible, fixé à l'envers dudit couvercle (1) autour de sa portion périphérique et formant des poches (6) des deux côtés de ladite ligne de pliage (4), caractérisé en ce que les poches (6) sont isolées et fermées de façon étanche l'une par rapport à l'autre le long de ladite ligne de pliage (4), chacune desdites poches (6) comprenant une portion de communication (7) communiquant avec l'une de portions différentes de la ligne de pliage (4) dudit couvercle (1) mais ne communiquant pas avec une autre portion.

2. Emballage selon la revendication 1, dans lequel les portions de ladite ligne de pliage (4) dudit couvercle (1) qui communiquent avec lesdites portions de communication (7) dudit organe formant récipient (5) sont structurées de manière à s'ouvrir quand on plie ledit couvercle (1).

3. Emballage selon la revendication 1, dans lequel les portions dudit couvercle (1) qui communiquent avec lesdites portions de communication (7) dudit organe formant récipient (5) sont sous forme de saillies pyramidales ou tronconiques circulaires (1a).

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Fig. 1



